

product **AS06 186**

**gamma-ECS | gamma glutamylcysteine synthase**

### product information

<b>background</b>	<b>Gamma-glutamylcysteine synthase</b> (gamma-ECS) (EC 6.3.2.2) catalyses the first step of glutathione (GSH) synthesis, producing gamma-glutamylcysteine (gamma-EC) from L-glutamate and cysteine. In the second step, catalyzed by GSH-S, glycine is added to the C-terminal end of (gamma-EC). GSH is the predominant non-protein thiol in all nearly where it acts as an antioxidant in stress responses and as a mobile pool of reduced sulfur. It is also important in the regulation of plant growth and development.
<b>immunogen</b>	<b>KLH</b> -conjugated synthetic peptide derived from <i>Zea mays</i> gamma-ECS <b>Q8W4W3</b>
<b>antibody format</b>	rabbit polyclonal total IgG in PBS pH 7.4 lyophilized
<b>quantity</b>	100 µl for reconstitution add 100 µl of sterile water.
<b>storage</b>	store lyophilized/reconstituted at -20°C; once reconstituted make aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Please, remember to spin tubes briefly prior to opening them to avoid any losses that might occur from lyophilized material adhering to the cap or sides of the tubes.
<b>tested applications</b>	western blot (WB), immunolocalization (IL)
<b>additional information</b>	total IgG concentration is 5.2 µg/ µl

### application information

<b>recommended dilution</b>	1: 5000 with standard ECL (WB), 1: 5000 (IL)
<b>expected   apparent MW</b>	50 kDa
<b>confirmed reactivity</b>	<i>Nicotiana tabcum</i> , <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> , <i>Zea mays</i>
<b>predicted reactivity</b>	dicots including: <i>Arabidopsis thalina</i> , <i>Pisum sativum</i> , monocots including: <i>Oryza sativa</i> , <i>Triticum aestivum</i>
<b>not reactive in</b>	no confirmed exceptions from predicted reactivity known in the moment
<b>additional information</b>	antibodies has been used in immunolocalization on <i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>
<b>selected references</b>	<a href="#">Gomez</a> et al. (2004). Intercellular distribution of glutathione synthesis in maize leaves and its response to short term chilling. <i>Plant Physiol</i> 134: 1662-1671; <a href="#">Mittova</a> et al. (2003). Co-ordinate induction of glutathione biosynthesis and glutathione-metabolising enzymes is correlated with salt tolerance in tomato. <i>FEBS Letts.</i> 554: 417-421.

# Agrisera

Antibodies for research

This product is **for research use only** (not for diagnostic or therapeutic use)

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